Zebrinus of gardens, which however has no relationship with the

genus Costus at all.

Tapeinocheilus Koordersiana n. sp. A tall plant, 25 feet tall. Leaves broadly oblong nearly four feet long 8 inches wide, subcoriaceous pubescent or glabrous narrowed at the base. Spike subcylindric 8 inches long, 4 inches wide. Bracts stiff coriaceous not woody oblong or ovate cuspidate ribbed pubescent the larger ones $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and one inch wide, the inner ones lanceate cuspidate pubescent longer. Bracteoles linear narrowed acute shorter than the flowers. Calyx tube one inch long narrow little enlarged above, lobes lanceolate acute quite covered with silky hairs. Corolla tube hairy but little longer, lobes narrow acute. Lip oblong rounded hairy. Anther oblong hairy. Capsule an inch long obovate warted covered with brown wool.

Celebes.

Another species of this grand Eastern island genus, allied to Miquel's *T. pungens* but with larger flowers and pubescent bracts. I have great pleasure in associating it with the name of Dr. Koorders, who made such fine collections of plants in Celebes recently.

The Birds of the Larut Hills.

Two birds mentioned, but not named, in my paper on the Birds of the Larut Hills have been identified for me by Dr. Hartert.

They are:

Aethopyga temminckii, Temminck's Honeysucker. The second

species of scarlet honeysucker mentioned on p. 21.

Notodela leucura, The White-tailed Blue Robin, a female. The "small robin-like brown bird" alluded to at the foot of p. 30.

A. L. Butler.

Botanical Notes.

Malayan Gingers. Dr. K. Schumann has published this year in Engler's Jahrbuch Vol. 27, a monograph of the Scitamineae collected in the various islands of the archipelago, by Beccari, in Sarawak, Sumatra and New Guinea, by the brothers Sarasin in